Monthly Macro

June 2023





Jim Leaviss
CIO of Public Fixed Income



Stuart Canning
Fund Manager Multi Asset

What were the biggest drivers of markets in May?



- May was another eventful month for bond markets, with fresh concerns about regional banks, more rate hikes from major central banks, and anxiety around the lifting of the US debt ceiling.
- Inflation continued its downward trend, except in the UK where
 the headline rate came in at 8.7%, rather than the expected
 8.2%. This increased expectations of further rate rises by the
 Bank of England.
- Economic data was mixed: robust jobs figures suggested that the US economy was proving more resilient than many had expected. However, Germany's economy slipped into recession. At the end of the month, the agreement to avoid a US debt default lifted sentiment.
- Against this background, most fixed income asset classes declined, although German bunds were a notable exception, gaining 0.3%. US Treasuries fell 1.2% amid uncertainty about the US debt ceiling. UK gilts were once again one of the worst performers (-3.4%), following the surprise inflation figure.
- Global corporate bonds declined 0.9%, as a result of the increase in both bond yields and spreads. High yield and emerging market debt also fell.

- There was divergent performance across global equity markets in May. On the back of excitement over the possible uses of artificial intelligence (AI), technology and related sectors were strong, which supported the US, Japanese, Taiwanese and Korean stockmarkets.
- In contrast, worries about slowing manufacturing and related commodity declines weighed on other parts of the world. There was some notable weakness in China and linked markets on fears of slowing recovery.
- Fixed income assets in the developed world continued to weaken from the levels they had reached in the aftermath of the US and Credit Suisse banking collapses. Rising yields in the US helped the US dollar strengthen versus most major currencies, albeit modestly. The Mexican peso, Peruvian sol and South Korean won bucked this trend.
- In emerging markets, South African bonds experienced weakness surrounding both accusations of arms supply to Russia and intensifying domestic energy blackouts. The Turkish lira also weakened following the re-election of the president.
- Resolution of the 'debt ceiling' negotiations in the US removed one source of market anxiety.

What will you be looking out for in June?

- Central bank decisions are back in focus in June. Given the
 uncertain macroeconomic picture in the US inflation is still
 proving stubborn, the labour market appears resilient but
 growth appears to be cooling the Fed may opt to 'skip' a
 rate hike this month to assess the latest economic data.
- Provided we don't get another inflation shock, it feels like we could be near the top of the current rate hiking cycle.
- Excitement in Al-related stocks and independent weakness in China and South Africa are notable developments in the last month. It remains to be seen whether such moves become more pronounced and widespread, or like banking sector moves in March, remain largely contained and short lived.
- Elsewhere, weakness in developed market government bonds could also prove to be an attractive opportunity, as yields become more compelling against a backdrop of deteriorating manufacturing data and an ease in inflationary pressure from commodities.

Key dates for the month ahead:

13 June: US inflation data 14 June: Fed interest rate decision 15 June: ECB interest rate decisions 22 June: BoE interest rate decision

The value of a fund's assets will go down as well as up. This will cause the value of your investment to fall as well as rise and you may get back less than you originally invested. Where any performance is mentioned, please note that past performance is not a guide to future performance.

For Investment Professionals only. Not for onward distribution. No other persons should rely on any information contained within. This information is not an offer or solicitation of an offer for the purchase of shares in any of M&G's funds. Distribution of this document in or from Switzerland is not permissible with the exception of the distribution to Qualified Investors according to the Swiss Collective Investment Schemes Act, the Swiss Collective Investment Schemes Ordinance and the respective Circular issued by the Swiss supervisory authority ("Qualified Investors"). Supplied for the use by the initial recipient (provided it is a Qualified Investor) only. The Portuguese Securities Market Commission (Comissão do Mercado de Valores Mobiliários, the "CMVM") has received a passporting notification under Directive 2009/65/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council and the Commission Regulation (EU) 584/2010 enabling the fund to be distributed to the public in Portugal. This financial promotion is issued by M&G Luxembourg S.A., Registered Office: 16, boulevard Royal, L-2449, Luxembourg.

JUN 23/99204_PE