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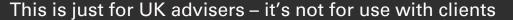
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Pensions Tax

Understanding the Annual Allowance





Mark Devlin

Senior Technical Manager



Learning Objectives

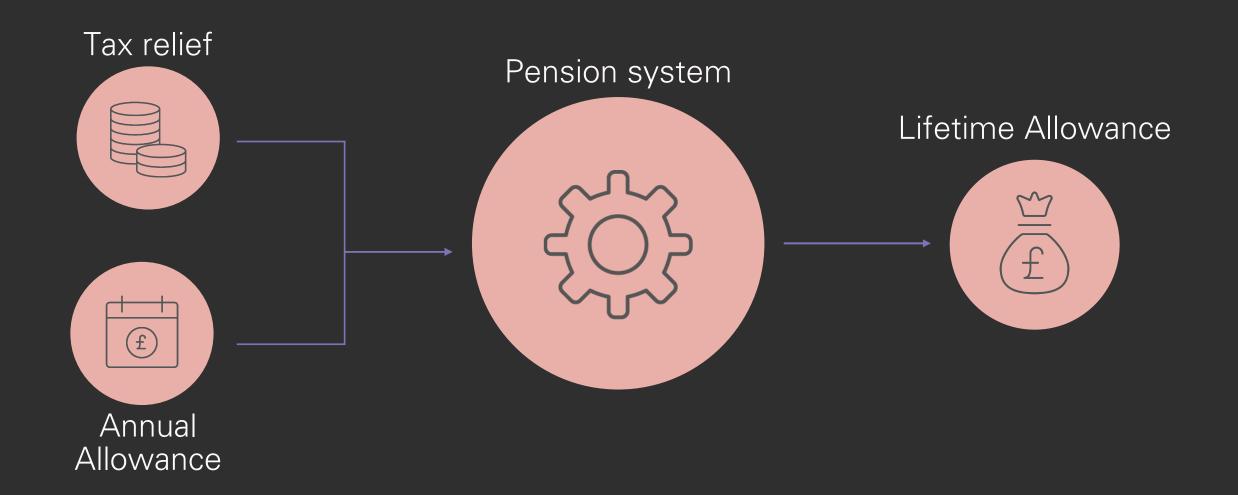
By the end of this seminar you will be able to;

describe the rules on tax relief and relevant earnings

explain the differing annual allowances

demonstrate how planning is affected by tax relief and the annual allowance

Pension Tax Limits



Tax Relief

Personal contributions

100% of relevant earnings or £3,600 if higher

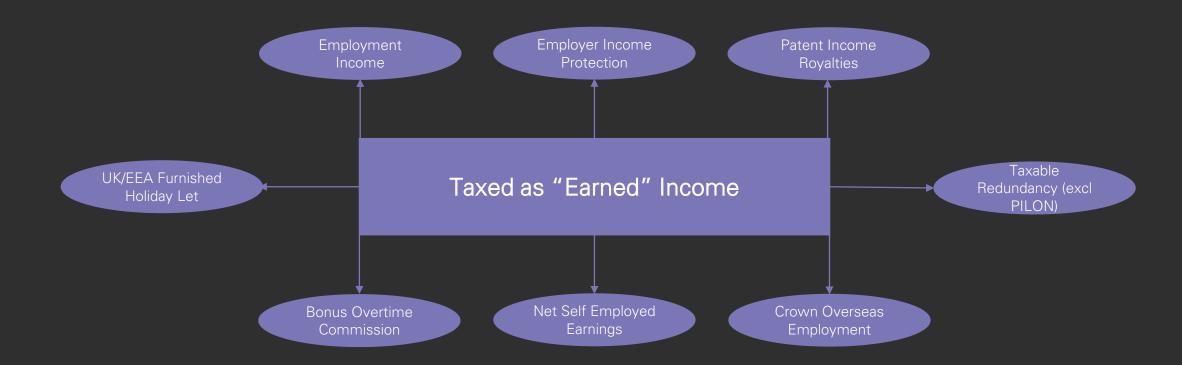
Third party contributions

100% of relevant earnings or £3,600 if higher

Employer contributions

Wholly & Exclusively rules

So what income is relevant?



Tax Relief

Tax relief

- Individual Contributions
- Tax Years
- 100% of relevant earnings or £3,600 if higher

Employer Contributions

- NOT linked to Salary
- Employer may get corporation tax relief
- Tax Relief granted in period of account the payment is made.

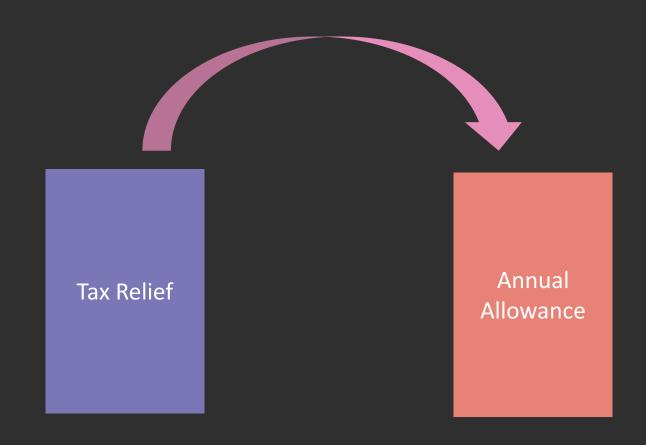
Wholly and Exclusively

Will tax relief be granted for an employer contribution?

paid wholly and exclusively for the purposes of the trade for it to be deductible (ICTA88/S74 (1) (a) for corporation tax and ITTOIA05/S34 for income tax)
it is important to emphasise that as part of the cost of employing staff pension, contributions will, prima facie, be allowable,
Whether there was a non-trade purpose for the payment will depend upon the facts of the individual case
One situation is where the level of the remuneration package is excessive for the value of the work undertaken
accept that the contributions are paid wholly & exclusively where the remuneration package paid in respect of a director of a close company, or an employee who is a close relative or
friend of the director or proprietor (where the business is unincorporated) is comparable with that paid to unconnected employees performing duties of similar value

Answer - Probably! Sort it out with the accountant.

One before the other



Annual Allowance

The three options

AA Limits

Standard AA £40,000 MPAA £4,000

Tapered AA

£4,000 £40,000

Calculating Pension Input Amounts

Money Purchase Inputs



DB Inputs



*Value = pension accrued plus

one times cash by addition

Money Purchase Annual Allowance

The money purchase annual allowance



Flexibly accessing benefits - overseas

UFPLS

Payment from post April 15 flexible annuity

Income from Flexi-access Drawdown

Capped Drawdown payment above cap

Scheme Pension

< 12 members

Flexible Drawdown
6 April 15

Standalone Lump Sum

Primary Protected
TFC

What does NOT trigger MPAA



DB arrangements



Small pots or DB triviality payment



PCLS, nil income



Beneficiary FAD Income

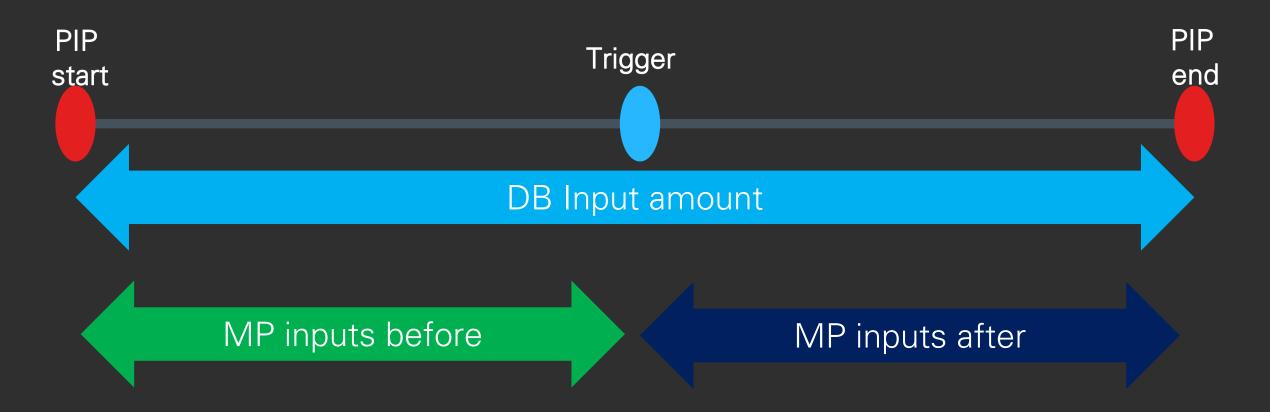


Disqualifying pension credit usage



Capped Drawdown income within GAD

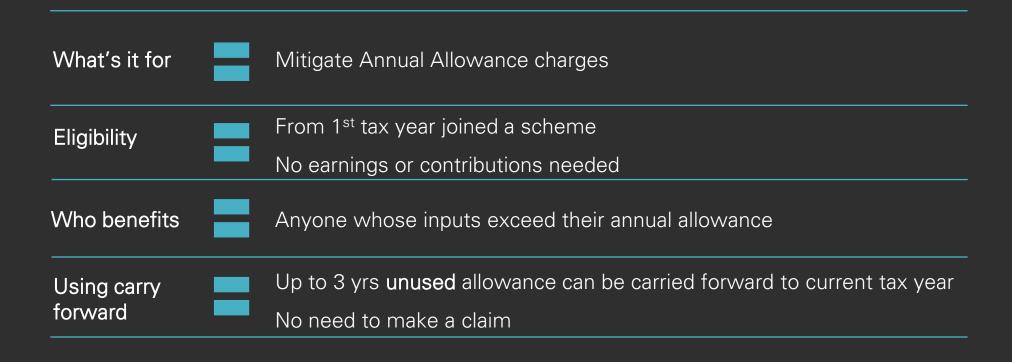
MPAA Limits



AA = £36,000 plus carry forward AA = £4,000 NO carry forward

Carry Forward Provisions

Carry Forward



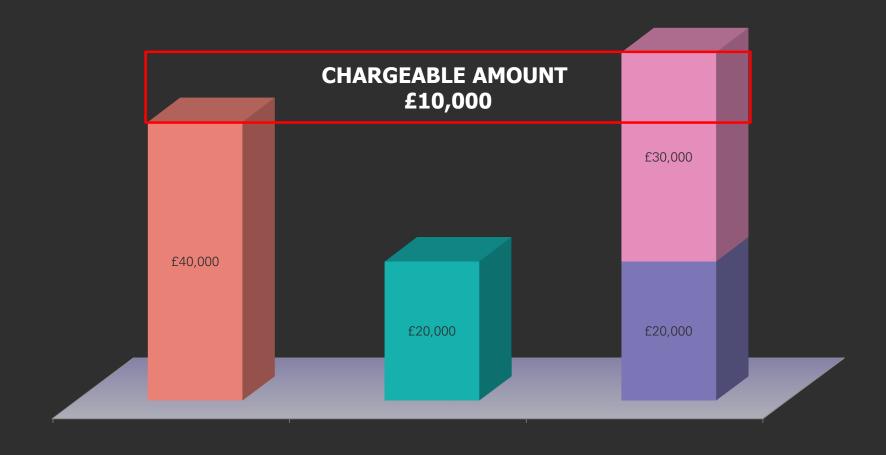
How much AA in 2022/23

	2018/19	2019/20	2020/21	2021/22	2022/23
Pension Inputs	£26,000	£25,000	£29,000	£72,000	
Unused	£14,000	£15,000	£11,000	-£32,000	£40,000
Used in 2021/22	£14,000	£15,000	£3,000	-£32,000	
Unused for 2022/23	£0	£0	£8,000	£0	£8,000
					£48,000

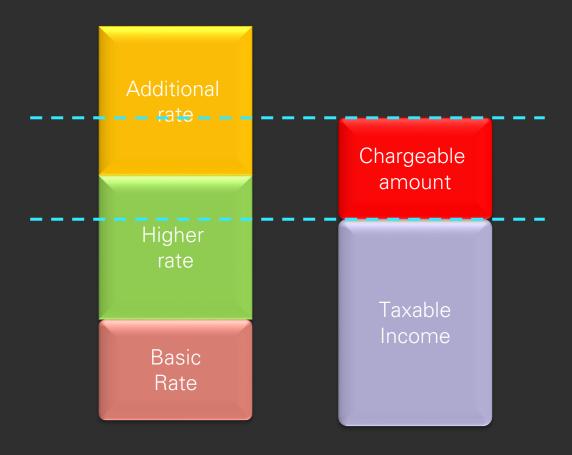
Don't look back for just 3 years...

- 1. Go back until you've three excess free years
- 2. Uncover <u>unused</u> allowances

Exceeding the allowance



The tax charge



The benefits of joining a pension plan early

Annual Allowance available



The benefits of joining a pension plan early

Annual Allowance available



Tapered Annual Allowance

Threshold Income & Adjusted Income

"Threshold income"> £200,000 from 2020/21

"Threshold income"> £110,000 2016/17 to 2019/20

"Adjusted income" > £240,000 from 2020/21

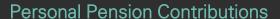
"Adjusted income" > £150,000 2016/17 to 2019/20

Total Income

Total Income

Allowable reliefs

Allowable reliefs



"Paid Gross" pension contributions (individual)



Employment Income given up > 9 July 2015

Employer Pension Contributions

Taxable lump sum death benefits

Taxable lump sum death benefits

What's included in Total Income?

Income Tax Act 2007 (Section 23)

Allowable Reliefs (Sections 24 & 25)

Bond Gains (FULL AMOUNT)

Dividends (including nil rate)

Savings (including nil rate)

Self-Employed Income

Buy To Let (Taxable Amount)

Pension Income

Employment Income



So what do we use?

Benefits In Kind

Bonus / Overtime

Contractual Salary

So what do we use?

Benefits In Kind

Bonus / Overtime

Contractual Salary

So what do we use?

Salary Sacrifice

Net Pay

Payroll Giving

Relief at Source

Gift Aid

Contractual Salary

What figure do you use for employer contributions?

Money Purchase Inputs



DB Inputs



*Value = pension accrued plus

one times cash by addition

LESS

The employee contribution to the scheme

The Easy Way

Tapered Annual Allowance Calculator 2022/23 Tax Year Instructions: Input relevant figures in white boxes. Tapered Allowance will be calculated where relevant. Adjusted Threshold For income definitions see Pensions Tax Manual - PTM057100 Income Income Total Income £0.00 £0.00 £0.00 (please remember to deduct net pay contributions from this figure) Allowable Reliefs £0.00 £0.00 £0.00 Net Pay Contributions £0.00 £0.00 £0.00 Relief at Source contributions (Gross) £0.00 Value of employer pension contributions Employer Penson Contributions to Money Purchase £0.00 £0.00 Total DB Pension Input Amount for year £0.00 £0.00 Total gross employee contribution to DB scheme(s) included above £0.00 £0.00 Employment Income given up post 09/07/15 £0.00 £0.00 Taxable Lump Sum Death Benefits (Gross Value) £0.00 £0.00 £0.00 Totals £0.00 £0.00 Limit breached? No No Is the Taper Triggered? Annual Allowance for 2022/23 £40.000 Reset Warning, once you have calculated the remaining AA for the member be aware that any further contributions may change the tapered calculation. For instance if the employer is planning to contribute the remaining AA for a member, the contribution they can make will be roughly two thirds of the remaining AA that has been calculated.

Planning

Case study: Peter



"Salary" **£260,000**



Personal net pay contributions £5,000



Employer Contributions £10,000



£10,000 of AA Left



Employer makes extra payment of £10,000

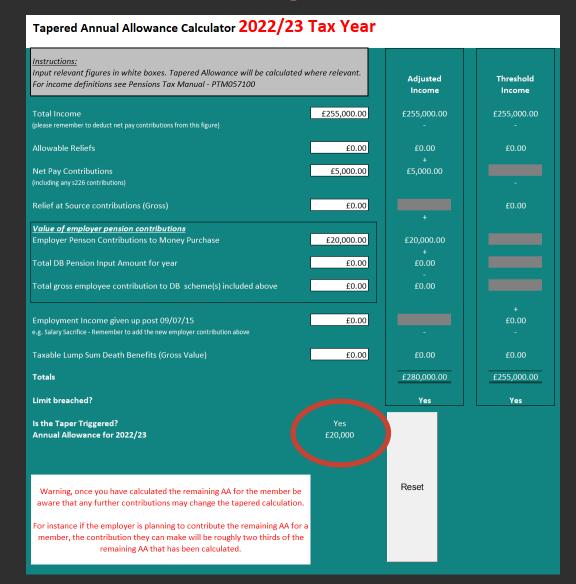


(Uses all available AA?)

It depends on how you do it!

Total Inputs £15,000

AA Excess **£0**



Total Inputs £25,000

AA Excess £5,000

Case Study: Peter



"Salary" **£260,000**



Personal net pay contributions £5,000



Employer Contributions £10,000



£10,000 of AA Left



Has **£45,000** carry forward

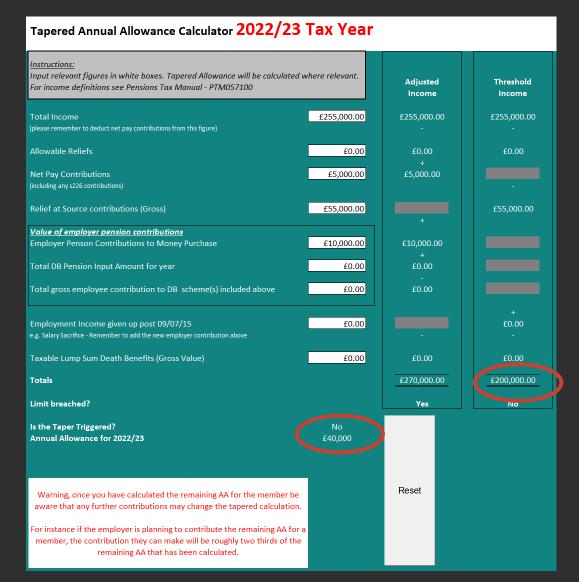


£55,000 of RAS payment made gross (£44,000 net)

?

(Uses all available AA?)

It depends on how you do it!



Had £45k carry forward

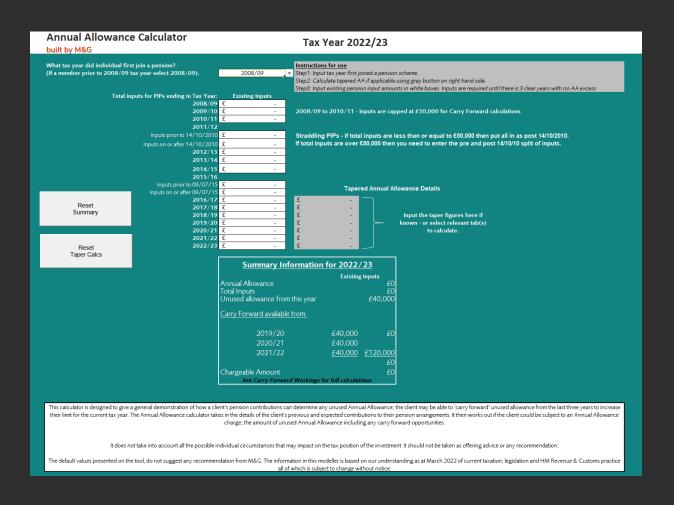
Makes £55k RAS contribution

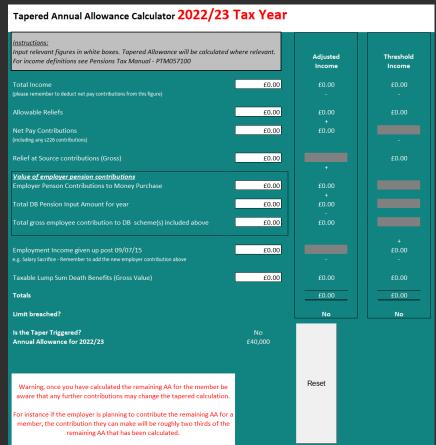
Threshold Income now £200k

NO Taper = £15k extra AA

£15k extra can be employee or employer, this won't affect threshold.

If only there was an easy way to do this...





So do you just stop at the AA?

Employee 6% Employee 6% Employer 6% Employer 6% Employer 12% Pension £6,000 £12,000 £18,000 **Fund Pension Fund less** £3,600 £7,200 £10,800 40% AA Charge **Net cost** £0 £3,600 £3,600 40% taxpayer – Scheme Pays Pension taken in £3,060 £6,120 £9,180 **Basic Rate (25% PCLS)**

So do you just stop at the AA?

Employee 6% Employee 6% Employer 6% Employer 6% Employer 12% Pension £6,000 £12,000 £18,000 **Fund Net cost** £2,400 £6,000 £6,000 40% taxpayer - Member Pays Pension taken in £5,100 £10,200 £15,300 **Basic Rate (25% PCLS)**

So do you just stop at the AA?

£60k salary





Pension

Accrued

60,000/60 =£1,000

Deduction (20:1)

£6,400/20 = £320

AA used

£16,000

Pension after

AA charge

£1,000-£320 = £680

AA charge 40%

£6,400

Net cost

£6,000 - 40% = £3,600

Net cost

Member Pays

£10,000

Learning Objectives - recap

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